

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

Vol. IX. No. 160

Gettysburg Pa Wednesday, April 26 1911

Price Two Cents

IF VARIETY----

(Not to Mention Price and Quality)

Is any Inducement in the Purchase of Your

SUMMER OXFORDS

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WIZARD THEATRE

KALEM AMERICAN PATHE LUBIN

THE DIVER Kalem

A picture of great interest showing how the bottom of the ocean is inspected.

THE HUNTER'S DREAM Kalem

A comedy well worth seeing.

OH, YOU KIDS Pathe Comedy

A winter comedy with two small boys at the helm, All fun.

THE PAOLI BROTHERS Pathe

A great acrobatic team.

THE QUEEN OF THE RANCH Lubin Western

THE YIDDISH BOY Lubin

This Show Will Please

Buy Lippy Made Clothes

And be Satisfied

No matter what price you pay, you can be sure of getting the best Clothes that skill and care and conscientious effort can produce. Comparison will prove them beyond the possibility of dispute.

J. D. LIPPY, Tailor

PASTIME THEATRE

Ramer and Holtzworth, Proprietors. Miss Margaret Wills Pianist

GAUMONT ESSANAY GAUMONT

ROBERT THE DEVIL Gaumont

A thrilling drama with the Duke of Normandy as the Central figure.

OH, YOU TEACHER Essanay

A novel rural farce comedy. A laughing tornado of fun. See it.

THE SWORD and the CROSS Gaumont

A Biblical story handsomely staged and properly acted.

BREAKERS in the CLOUDS Scenic

Scenes taken from the Mont Blanc Observatory.

One of the most handsomely staged shows ever presented here.

Latest Spring Woolens and Furnishings now in our store

The Cheapest is Seldom the Best

The Best is Always the Cheapest

To Us for the Best

Seligman & McIlhenny

Kodaks and Kodak Supplies

The most complete line of Eastman Goods ever shown in our town.

We aim to have everything you want.

Huber's Drug Store,

Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

SPECIALS

Cook's Malta Rice, 8c., regular price 15c.
Voigt Cream Corn Flake, 5c package.
Mother's Corn Flake, 5c package.
Silver White Gelatine, 10c, regular price 15c. This is an exceedingly fine gelatine.

We Have a Full Line of Heinz's Goods.

Pepper Sauce, Euchered Pickles, Olive Oil, Apple Butter in 1/2 gallon jars and small cans.

FERNDELL PREPARED ICING, For Cakes.

Special Price on Fine Willow Market Baskets

Covered Baskets, regular prices 90c and \$1.00, special 79c and 89c. Open Willow Baskets, at 35c, 42c, 53c, 65c and 69c, regular prices 40c, 50c, 60c, 70c and 75c.

TYPHOON Washing Machines

Special Price for this week only \$7.50. Every washer guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

WE WANT YOUR PRODUCE. HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR IT.

Gettysburg Department Store

TO SPEND SUMMER MONTHS IN JAIL

Men who Use Adams County Jail for Shelter in Winter Denied Privilege of Leaving when Balmey Breezes of Spring Arrive.

Judge Swope on Tuesday afternoon imposed sentence on two offenders who belong to the fraternity known as hoboes holding the one for six months and the other for sixty days.

John Nugget, who has figured frequently in local court, was given the six month sentence. The Court told the prisoner, who pleaded guilty, that he believed his method of operation was to commit some offense in the fall which would insure him a warm cell over the cold winter months. Now that the pleasant summer is ahead Nugget is thought to be willing to leave his place of shelter but the Court would not have it that way and sent him back for six more months.

"John Doe," arrested several months ago by T. P. Turner, for profanity and generally objectionable conduct on the streets of town was found guilty on a charge of being a common nuisance, after two witnesses were heard. "Doe" also wanted freedom but Judge Swope returned him to Sheriff Fissel's keeping for sixty days and advised the man when his sentence was complied with to tell all his friends "on the road" to fight shy of Adams County as they would not find it a pleasant place to pursue their vocation.

Charles Warren pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny and was put on parole for a year. The charge was brought following the disappearance of two veneered rolls from the Reaser furniture factory. The rolls were valued at forty cents and the Court said that most probably if Warren, who was an employee at the plant, had asked for the material it would have been cheerfully given to him.

The Court ordered the jury in the case of the Commonwealth vs. James J. Watson to bring in a verdict of not guilty.

Frank Warthen was appointed constable of Highland township to fill the unexpired term of Howard Brown.

The case now being tried is that of the Commonwealth vs. Frank Shultz. The charge is assault and battery.

WANT CROSSING MADE SAFE

New Oxford citizens are alarmed over what they term the dangerous character of their railroad crossing near the station. Several accidents have occurred there, none, fortunately, resulting fatally and a few days ago another was narrowly averted. A horse took fright at an automobile, distracting the driver's attention. The machine was coming in the opposite direction and its driver failed to bear an approaching engine, his attention being taken up with the difficulties of the man in the team. The parties would most probably have met on the track to be struck by an engine approaching from the east had not Joseph I. Weaver, who was nearby, rushed to the middle of the road preventing the catastrophe. It was a narrow as well as a fortunate escape. New Oxford suggests a watchman, gong or other means to safeguard travelers.

TO INSTALL PASTOR

The installation of the Rev. C. W. Baker as pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran church, will take place at 10 a. m., Sunday, April 30, at McSherrystown. The services will be in charge of Rev. Peter Livingston, of York, and Rev. George N. Laufer, of Newville, formerly of this church. Rev. Mr. Livingston will deliver the charge to the pastor and Rev. Mr. Laufer the charge to the congregation. Installation services will also be held at New Oxford in the evening.

TO-NIGHT

The interesting story of the cruise of the Atlantic fleet around the world will be told in Brue Chapel this evening by Chaplain Stevenson of the battleship Virginia. He will illustrate his talk with 200 views. Chart at Buehler's. Benefit town Y. M. C. A.

PLANTED TREES

A number of handsome pine trees were planted on the college campus this morning. Two were placed in front of Recitation Hall and the others at different sections of the campus.

EAT well and often at Raymond's Cafe.

BUY your cakes and pies for Sunday at firemen's food sale, Friday and Saturday, April 28 and 29 at Engine House. Fine cakes 25 and 50 cents. All prices will be reasonable.

WILL the person at whose home Dr. Granville left his gold headed ebony cane kindly advise him so that he may send for same.

GET a good electric face massage at H. B. Sefton's barber shop.

BURIED COINS ON NEW CHURCH SITE

Workmen while Busy Excavating for New St. James Church Find Coins Several Feet under Ground. Some Dropped by Children.

Workmen who have been employed at the excavation for the cellar of the new St. James Lutheran church have been surprised to find a large number of coins in the ground, some of them several feet beneath the surface.

The coins of youngsters whose pennies dropped through the cracks in the floor during Sunday School sessions of bygone days are now coming to light and cents of many years back have been unearthed. The number of these has been surprising, one workman alone finding eight of them without any special effort. A number of those employed on the church site have made similar finds and it is probable that more have disappeared in the ground which has been hauled away.

A peculiar feature of the lost and found coins is that some are buried a considerable depth under ground. A Spanish piece of money was on Monday unearthed three feet below the surface where it had been for many years. Just how it and some more of the coins came to be buried is a matter of conjecture.

Work on the excavation and at the raising of the parsonage is going along rapidly.



Eagle: William E. Miller, Carlisle; H. H. King, Port Hope; W. K. Oradood, Fort Wayne, Indiana; J. A. Pitman, Salem, Mass.; S. H. Wilson, Bedford; Charles E. Hesselgrave, Chatham, N.J.; Rufus B. Richardson, New York.

Gettysburg: John D. Moll, Philadelphia; John B. Sprengle, York; T. E. Krupp, Philadelphia; B. M. Boland, New York; S. D. Harding, Harrisburg.

City: L. L. Lomax, Washington, D. C.; L. Rowe, Erie; F. Cunningham, Washington.

Wabash: D. E. Applegate, Philadelphia; D. E. Martin, Reading; John Andrew, South Fork; H. R. Lobb, Newville; J. M. Dutrow, Blue Ridge Summit.

Globe: J. R. Cover, Carlisle; H. D. Grove, Hanover; W. S. Hagerty, Philadelphia.

HIGHWAY BILL

The Sproul main highway bill was ordered returned to the House with an affirmative recommendation. The House public roads committee made very few changes in the measure. Eight new routes were added and provision made that road work now under contract should be continued under the present system of state aid. The most important change is provision that toll roads and turnpikes on road routes need not be taken over until required. All other roads in routes are to be taken over by the highway commissioner by June 1912.

WAGAMAN-LAWRENCE

Claude Wagaman, son of Mrs. Louise G. Wagaman, and Miss Grace Lawrence, McSherrystown, were married at 6.30 a. m., Tuesday, at a nuptial mass in St. Mary's Catholic church, by Rev. L. Aug. Reudter. Miss Lizzie Snyder, a niece of the groom was bridesmaid, and Raymond Lawrence, a brother of the bride, was groomsmen.

The groom is a cigar maker employed by the E. P. Topper Cigar Company. The young couple will make their home with the groom's mother.

STILL SUFFERING FROM INJURIES

Miss Josephine Smith, of Hanover, who was injured by falling into an unprotected hole in Littlestown, nearly two years ago, and who recovered over \$5000 in damages against that Borough, is not improving. She has no use whatever of her right leg, and has been confined to her room for the past six weeks.

TO ADDRESS GRADUATES

Dr. J. A. Singmaster will address the graduates of the New Oxford High School at their commencement exercises on Friday evening.

H. B. SEFTON has a private room for ladies' shampooing and massage.

DON'T forget the firemen's food sale in the Engine House Friday and Saturday afternoon and evening, April 28 and 29.

TRY H. B. Sefton's hair dryer for shampooing.

FIREMEN WILL HAVE PARADE

Gettysburg's Fire Department and Band will Appear on the Streets of Town Friday Evening in Full Uniform. Apparatus also.

Gettysburg's fire fighters decided at a meeting held Tuesday evening to come out Friday evening of this week in parade. Their uniforms, purchased several years ago and worn only a few times since, will be donned, the apparatus will be in line and the Citizens' Band will head the procession.

Gettysburg's firemen seldom come out on exhibition, their activity as firemen lying principally in their able defense of the property of town when threatened by flames. There is a method in their action this time however, for, as most people know, a food sale is in prospect the latter part of the week and the fire ladders just want to remind the people in a friendly sort of way that they are on hand.

A canvass of the town for material for the sale has been made and a most liberal response has been the result. At practically every home where a contribution has been asked people have willingly and gladly responded and a large assortment of dainty things will be offered for sale Friday and Saturday. The firemen have been so much pleased with this manifestation of good will that in return they have decided to offer all the good things to eat for sale at very reasonable prices so that it will not be a "hold-up" but a fair and square deal for everybody.

The parade preceding the event is expected to live things considerably. The firemen are asked to meet at the engine house at half past six Friday evening and the parade will move as soon as the line can be formed. Frank Deardorff has kindly allowed the use of a team for the engine and J. C. Hoke has promised a team for the truck.

ELECTROCUTION BILL KILLED

The execution of condemned persons by means of the electric chair is dead for the present session of the Legislature. The Morris bill, which passed the House, changing the manner of inflicting the death penalty from hanging to electrocution, was defeated in the Senate Tuesday by 21 "ayes" to 11 "noes." The bill thus receives five votes short of the twenty six necessary to pass it. As the bill was defeated last week and Tuesday's vote was the second hand on it, the measure cannot be reconsidered. The wardens of the two State penitentiaries were opposed to the bill, as all electrocutions would have taken place in states institutions, which are old and ill adapted to carry out the law. It is believed that when the new penitentiaries are built provision can be made.

SHIPPING ICE

The Gettysburg Ice and Storage Company today shipped a carload of ice to the mountain. This is the first large shipment to the resort section this year, the season being behind owing to the unusual cold weather in April. The summer visitors are starting to arrive now at Buena Vista, Monterey, Blue Ridge Summit and the other resorts and the usual shipments from this place will be made to meet the demand.

ICE HOUSE REMOVED

The large ice house of the United Ice Company, at Upper Holly, has been demolished. Part of the material will be shipped to Harrisburg and some will be used in repairing the storage house at Laurel. The flow of water from the clay banks into the Holly dam caused the company to abandon that as ice producing water.

PRESBYTERIAN REUNION

The Presbyterian reunion will be held at Pen Mar this year on August 30. The committee in charge of the arrangements is making an earnest effort to have this year's meeting the very best one yet held. The advance notices sent out indicate that there will be new features, which should prove most interesting and instructive.

TORN LIGAMENT

Tom Nixon is confined to bed at his home on the college campus suffering from a torn ligament which he sustained while pole vaulting on the athletic field on Tuesday afternoon.

MRS. C. BROWN COX

Cordelia Spangler, wife of Rev. C. Brown Cox, died March 16, 1911, at Southern Pines, N. C.

THOSE fruit growers who wish to do thorough spraying and save money will do well to write to the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., for circular No. 54, of the Bureau of Plant Industry and then buy the necessary materials from Biglerville Warehouse Company, Biglerville, Pa.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Paragraphs of News Telling of the Happenings in and about Town. People Visiting here and those Sojourning Elsewhere.

General L. L. Lomax, of Washington, is spending some time in Gettysburg.

Rev. and Mrs. Rene H. Williams, of Harrisburg, are guests at the home of Howard C. Hartley on Carlisle street.

Miss Agatha McConner, of Baltimore, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Norman S. Heindel on Carlisle street.

Miss Dunbar has returned to Baltimore after a week's visit at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Luther Kuhlman on Seminary Ridge.

J. B. Wineman was a business visitor in Baltimore on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Baker have returned home after a visit with friends in New Oxford.

Mr. and Mrs. William Little, of West Middle street celebrated their fifth wedding anniversary on Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sollaman, of Jacksonville, Florida, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Max Davis.

A. S. Bean, who was taken ill while driving from Pen Mar to Gettysburg on Tuesday is getting along nicely.

Mrs. Johnston McLanahan has returned to Chambersburg after a brief visit with Mr. and Mrs. Donald P. McPherson.

Miss Jane Gilbert has returned home after a week's trip to Philadelphia.

Mrs. Frances Walter is spending some time in Gettysburg.

Mrs. Edward Staley and Miss Lillie Slagle, of Biglerville, spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Krebs, East Middle street.

COMING EVENTS

April 26—Lecture. Chaplain George E. T. Stevenson. Brue Chapel.

April 26—State Senators' visit.

April 27—College Musical Clubs' concert, Brue Chapel.

April 28—Inter-Collegiate debate, Brue Chapel.

May 1 and 2—West Point Seniors' visit.

May 2—Adams County Temperance Institute.

May 2—Election of County School Superintendent. Court House.

May 2—Curb market opens.

May 2—Miss Walter's recital. Brue Chapel.

May 11—Municipal Club of Brooklyn visit.

May 15—Run of Automobile Club of Washington.

May 16—Mighty Haag circus.

May 19, 20—State Postmasters' Convention.

May 28—"The King's Carnival," Wizard Theatre.

STILL AT IT

Chicken thieves have been playing their vocation to considerable extent recently in the neighborhood of Swartz's School House. One night last week the premises of rural mail carrier William P. Stoner, residing a short distance from Bollinger's mill, were invaded by these scoundrels who stole about a dozen choice chickens.

Monday night at 1.30 o'clock, an attempt was made to effect an entrance into the chicken house of Emory Shue, residing at Mt. Pleasant. At the hour indicated Mr. Shue heard an unusual noise at his henry, and getting his gun, made an investigation, but found the thieves had made a hasty departure.

GOOD EXHIBITION

The shooting exhibition by J. Mowell Hawkins, of Williamsport, at Mrs. Homan's field on Tuesday was witnessed by a number of Gettysburg sportsmen. The man proved to be an expert in every sense of the word. Among other feats he broke three clay birds thrown from a trap at one time, broke a cartridge in the air, shot cigarettes from between the fingers of a spectator, and performed many other unique and unusual feats. The exhibition was held under the auspices of the Gettysburg Rod and Gun Club.

SENATORS DELAYED

The party of Pennsylvania State Senators expected here at 1.45 this afternoon were kept at Harrisburg by their legislative duties. They are expected to arrive at 9.05 this evening over the Reading.

OVER 200 large cakes and lots of pies at firemen's food sale, Engine House, Friday and Saturday evenings, April 28 and 29.

ST. FRANCIS XAVIER Beneficial Society of Gettysburg, Pa., will run an excursion to Baltimore on Thursday April 27. Train leaves Gettysburg 7.15 a. m. Returning, leaves Baltimore, Hillen Station, 8. p. m. Committee.

LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Correspondents send in Many Items of Interesting News from their Respective Towns. Personal and Many Brief Items.

ORRTANNA

Quite a number of people from this vicinity are attending court at Gettysburg this week.

Mrs. B. I. Walker is on the sick list, also Mrs. Aaron Shuyler.

W. S. McCreary has been doing some papering recently for A. H. Keady.

Gardening and house cleaning are the order of the day in our town. Miss Edna Culp has returned to her home at Virginia Mills.

Mrs. M. F. Stoner has gone to Charman to visit Mrs. Addie Hostetter for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius McGrail, of East Berlin, have returned home after having attended the funeral of the latter's father, Amos Cullison.

Mrs. William Herring is visiting friends in town.

John Starnor made a business trip to this place Tuesday.

Mrs. John Crone who had an operation last week is improving nicely. Dr. Elderdice being the attending physician.

M'SHERRYSTOWN

McSherrystown, April 26—Mrs. Sarah Dean and son, Charles, of Washington, D. C., are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Roth.

Mrs. Bernadette Fitzsimmons, of Washington, D. C., after a visit to Dr. and Mrs. V. B. Lilly, left Tuesday to visit relatives and friends at Frederick, Md., before returning home.

Miss Anna Happpental, of Wrightsville, spent Sunday here, the guest of Miss Gertrude Melbhenny.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Klunk, of Warren, have returned home after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. F. X. Klunk and Mrs. F. X. Colgan.

Mrs. H. M. Collins, of North street, was taken to the York City Hospital by Drs. A. C. and George L. Rice, where she underwent an operation. The operation, which was a success, was performed by Dr. E. W. Meisenhelder, Jr., and Dr. L. S. Weaver, and the patient is doing well. Mr. Collins is at the bedside of his wife.

F. V. Topper and Sebastian H. Weaver, the borough assessors, were at Gettysburg Monday to receive the books for the spring assessment.

BRYSONIA

Brysonia, April 26—P. S. Orner, wife and son, Arnold, of Arendtville, recently visited his uncle, Henry Orner.

Joseph Gochenour, wife and two children, Leroy and Beatrice, visited at the home of Edward Bittinger on Sunday.

The last fitting of the season was that of Mrs. Blaine Warren from her parents' home, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Taylor, to Benderville.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. William Hartman on April 16, a son.

Those who spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. George Showers were Mrs. Lovina Orner, Mrs. John Crum, James Shaffer, wife and daughters, Lottie and Cora; R. W. Taylor and wife, George Funt and Joseph Gochenour.

Those who visited at the home of Joseph Cooley recently were Mrs. George Showers, Mrs. George Hoke, Mrs. Clayton Shoop and son, Russell, Mrs. Joseph Gochenour and children, Leroy and Beatrice.

E. J. Taylor has purchased a new rubber tire buggy.

Clayton Shoop is building a new stable.

Mrs. Noah Beamer spent Sunday evening with her daughter, Mrs. William Hartman.

SPILLED MILK

One of the Gettysburg Ice and Storage Company milk wagons met with an accident on Hanover street this morning and spilled a quantity of milk.

FOR SALE 300 thoroughbred White Leghorn chicks. L. D. Plank, R. D. 2.

ICE cream, cake and light lunch at firemen's food sale Friday and Saturday evenings, April 28 and 29, at Engine House.

LOST small gold breast pin between citizens cemetery and Western Maryland depot or York street. Reward if returned Times office.

Eat Ziegler's bread.

DON'T wait. H. B. Sefton has four barbers. Next!

The Gettysburg Times

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY
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W. Lavers Hater,
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Philip R. Bickle,
President.

Philip R. Bickle, Editor.

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BELL PHONE
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

UNITED PHONE

The United Publishers Association of New York City has investigated, and certifies to, the circulation of this publication. These facts have been established, and guaranteed to advertisers.

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TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by the American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan.

Our advertising columns are open to all candidates and all parties.

Spring Goods

are now coming in, but reductions in price will continue until April 1st., with the exception of the REGAL SHOES.

C. B. Kitzmiller

FOR SALE

STANDARD BRED STOCK

On account of leaving Gettysburg, I will offer the following stock: 1 black horse coming 9 years old, will work wherever hitched, can show a 2-40 gait; not afraid of anything; a woman can drive him. He is one of the best all around horses in Adams County. 1 black colt 3 years old, half brother to the above horse, look very much alike, make a fine double team, can show a 3 minute gait to the pole. This colt shows wonderful speed and will surely make a great horse. 1 pony team complete; pony well broke, kind and gentle, a regular pet an excellent driver and a beauty at that. A rubber tire runabout and set of harness were made to order for this pony. This stock will be sold at a bargain to parties who can give a good home. JOHN E. WALTER, Walter's Theatre, Gettysburg, Pa.

REMOVED

C. C. Rider has moved his place of business from West Middle Street to the Taneytown Road, near Meade's Headquarters.

All telephone calls will be promptly answered and work called for.

Buggies Surreys & Runabouts

I have them, 85 Buggies, Surreys and Runabouts all styles, colors and kinds. Arch and drop axles, steel and rubber tires. These goods are all guaranteed and the prices will suit you. Harness single and double in nickel, brass, rubber and imitation of rubber mounting. If you need any call and see them, and you will be sure to buy for the prices are right. Also a full line plows, harrows, corn planters single row, double row and check row planters, Cultivators, riders and walkers.

Give Us a Call Before Buying Elsewhere.

C. C. BREAM.

Corner York and Stratton Sts., Gettysburg.

Farmers and Horse Breeders Take Your Choice Marshal or Fred Julius.

MARSHAL, formerly owned by W. C. Weigle, was foaled May 9, 1905. He is a Bright Bay Stallion stands 16 1/2 hands high; weighs over 1600 pounds and is one of the best draft stallions in this part of the country. Will stand Monday's and Tuesday's at Mr. Weigle's stable along the main road, leading from Heidlersburg to Biglerville, and every other week day at my stable one mile west of Bendersville.

\$10 to insure standing colt.

FRED JULIUS; Fast Blooded Stallion. Tots 2:30. Will stand every week day at my stable one mile west of Bendersville.

\$8 to insure standing colt.

O. P. HOUSE.

HOLD ACCUSERS IN DYNAMITE CASE

Four Are Charged With Kidnapping McNamara.

BACKED BY LABOR UNIONS

Iron Workers Prefer Charges Against Counsel, Prosecutor and Chauffeur, Alleging McNamara Was Kidnapped After His Arrest.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 26.—Backed by all the influence of organized labor as represented in this city by the international officers and six organizations, a movement has been started to force the return here of J. J. McNamara, secretary treasurer of the Iron Workers, on the ground that he was taken unlawfully from the state.

The proceedings began when William J. Burns, the detective; Walter Drew, of New York; W. J. Ford, of Los Angeles, and Frank Fox, driver of the automobile in which McNamara was taken from the city, were arrested and placed under \$10,000 bonds each.

G. A. Badoff, agent for Drew, was also arrested and sent to jail until bond could be arranged.

The general charge against the men is that they conspired to take McNamara out of the state "without due process of law."

It is alleged that McNamara did not have an opportunity to consult counsel and resist extradition after his arrest last Saturday evening. After Governor Marshall had honored requisition papers for McNamara, Magistrate Collins turned him over to Sergeant Hosick, of Los Angeles. He was put into an automobile driven by Fox and taken to Chicago Saturday night, bound for Los Angeles, to answer an indictment charging him with complicity in a dynamite explosion at the Llewellyn Iron works.

The affidavits against Drew, Ford and Fox were made by J. J. Keagan, a labor union leader of Indianapolis and a member of the Indiana legislature.

McNamara was arrested on Saturday night for alleged complicity in the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building, and a requisition having been signed by the governor, was taken out of Indianapolis in an automobile and sent to Los Angeles.

It is charged that though McNamara was not turned over to a detective sergeant from Los Angeles until Governor Marshall had honored requisition papers from the governor of California, he had not been permitted to consult with counsel or to make a plea of resistance to extradition before Police Judge Collins when he was identified as the man named in the warrant for his arrest.

It was in Fox's automobile that McNamara was taken to Chicago on Saturday night, to be placed aboard a train for Los Angeles.

At a meeting of the principal officers of most of the unions which have international headquarters in Indianapolis, held at the building of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, the Structural Iron Workers were assured of the support of other unions.

The meeting was attended also by a few men prominent in the labor movement in Indianapolis. Secrecy is being maintained as to the details of affairs which were discussed. It is admitted that the purpose was to consider the McNamara case in its aspect as a capitalistic effort against organized labor.

Presumably to take the leadership of the legal contest that will be waged by the labor leaders on behalf of J. J. McNamara and other union men who have been arrested on charges of dynamiting, Clarence S. Darrow, of Chicago, is in Indianapolis and began an investigation of the dynamiting cases.

DYNAMITE CAP KILLS WOMAN

Pricked Dangerous Article With Hairpin and It Exploded.

Allentown, Pa., April 26.—A dynamite cap which Mrs. Rose Schultz, a widow, residing at Guth's Station, near here, held in her hand while she picked at it with a hairpin, exploded.

Both her hands were torn off and her face, chest and abdomen frightfully lacerated, exposing the intestines. She was sent to the hospital at Allentown, where she died.

Mrs. Schultz is the mother of three children, one a nursing babe. The cap was found by her little boy, from whom she took it while he was playing with it.

Colored Murderer Hanged.

Bellefonte, Pa., April 26.—Bert Dellig, colored, was hanged in the Center county prison here. The crime for which he died was the murder of Mrs. John Baudis on Sunday night, Oct. 16, 1910. Dellig was standing on the public road when Mrs. Baudis passed him on her way home from a visit to a neighbor.

Plague Deaths Increase.

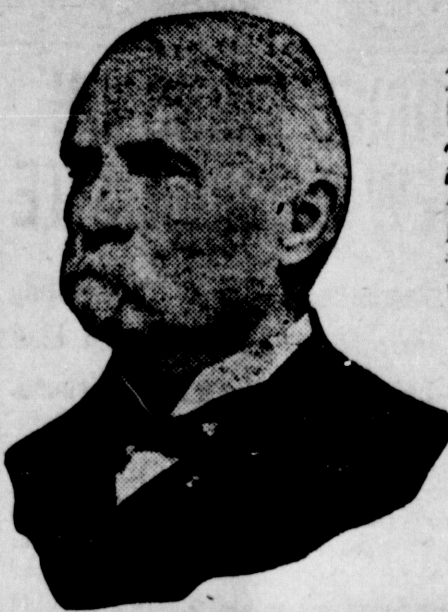
London, April 26.—The official figures of the ravages of the bubonic plague in the central provinces of India show 95,884 deaths from the disease in March. The fatalities during February were 43,500.

Cataract Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they do not reach the seat of the disease. Cataract is blood or constitutional disease, and in order cure in you must take internal remedies. Hall's Cataract Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Cataract Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Cataract. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Proprietors, Toledo, O. For sale by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

GENERAL H. G. OTIS.

Owner and Publisher of the Los Angeles Times.



SECOND BODY FOUND

Deaths of Sisters Is Baffling Annapolis Authorities.

Annapolis, Md., April 26.—Spa creek gave up the second of the bodies to the dual mystery that has baffled the local authorities for nearly two weeks, when the body of Miss Alice Shores, who disappeared with her younger sister, Mrs. Dora H. White, on the night of April 5, and whose body was recovered on Sunday, came to the surface.

Whether the women came to their deaths by drowning by accident or suicidal intent or by violence is still being probed by the authorities.

Though the face of Miss Shores bears several pronounced marks of discoloration, nothing in the way of the severe bruises as marked the face and neck of Mrs. White was discovered when the body was taken from the water.

STEEL EARNINGS SHOW DECREASE

Fall Over \$2,000,000 From Previous Quarter.

New York, April 26.—The United States Steel corporation reports earnings for the quarter ending March 31, \$23,519,203.

This compares with \$25,990,978 for the quarter ended Dec. 31; \$37,365,187 for the quarter ended Sept. 30, 1910, and \$37,616,876 for the quarter ended March 31, 1910.

The regular quarterly dividends were declared on preferred and common stock. The report gives the net earnings of the corporation for the quarter ending March 31 at \$20,001,817.

The board of directors re-elected all the old officers with the exception of W. B. Dickson, who resigned his position as vice president some time ago. His place was not filled.

Former Judge Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation, authorized a denial of a story that in the near future he would retire from the head of that organization.

FATHER KILLS SON

Says That He Fired Shot After He Was Attacked.

Cincinnati, O., April 26.—August Sommerfeld, a retired horseholder, of 1607 Race street, shot and killed his son, August Sommerfeld, Jr., thirty-five years old.

The father and the son had a quarrel over money matters and the father shot the son in the left eye, killing him instantly.

The father says that the shooting was in self-defense and that the son had assaulted him. The son, who was a paper hanger, recently returned from California, where he had resided for years.

Fifteen Bodies Taken From Mine.

Elk Garden, W. Va., April 26.—Fifteen bodies have been taken out of the Ott mine, No. 2, of the Davis Coal company, victims of the disastrous explosion. Eight other dead bodies are supposed to be in the mine, which the rescuers are trying to recover. The bodies of the fifteen recovered were found about one-half mile from the entrance.

Killed in Runaway.

Media, Pa., April 26.—Frederick Major, steward of the Rose Tree Fox Hunting club, was thrown from a runaway at the entrance of the club's grounds when the horse ran away. He died a moment after he was found lying on the ground.

Seeks \$5000 Damages From Priest.

Bethlehem, Pa., April 26.—Because Rev. A. Variaky, a Catholic priest, is alleged to have circulated slanderous reports about her, Miss Emily Krivda, of this place, began suit against him for \$5000 damages.

Penny Postage Near, Hitchcock Says.

Washington, April 26.—Postmaster General Hitchcock is confident that "penny postage" is a probability of the near future as the result of reductions in the \$17,000,000 deficit.

Gettysburg Monumental Works

North P. & R. Depot
Have several carloads of
Monuments, Headstones and
Markers of handsome design in
Barre, Quincy, Westly other
Granite and Marble that will be
sold on close margins for the
next 60 days.

L. H. MEALS—H. S. TROSTLE

DENIES BRIBERY 'PHONE TALK

Deneen Says Hines Didn't Tell Him of Lorimer Case.

THE "SLUSH FUND" MYSTERY

Witness Declares Hines Told the Governor "It Was All Settled, Don't Stop at Anything."

Springfield, Ill., April 26.—Governor Deneen issued a statement in which he emphatically denies that he ever held a long distance telephone conversation with Edward Hines, such as was related before the Lorimer probers by W. H. Cook.

Cook declared that Hines, believing that he was talking to former Governor Yates, told Deneen over the phone some secrets regarding the use of money to effect Lorimer's election as United States senator.

John Pfeifers, former private secretary to Albert J. Hopkins, testified that former State Senator George M. McCormick, ten days before Lorimer's election, said that he (McCormick) had been offered \$2500 provided he would vote for Lorimer for senator.

Cook, an official of the Virginia & Rainey Lake Lumber company, of Duluth, Minn., admitted that he held a conference with Hines in the Grand Pacific hotel, in Chicago, shortly after the election of Lorimer to be United States senator.

Cook testified that Hines met him and Mr. Turrish, another lumber man, from Duluth, in a hotel.

"How are things going down at Washington?" Turrish asked Hines, testified Cook.

"Like a—," replied Hines.

Cook then stated that Hines said he decided the lumber interests needed a better senator at Washington and that Lorimer had been selected as the proper man to take care of the tariff on lumber.

"During our talk the telephone rang," said Cook. "I answered it, and the girl said: 'Here's Springfield; the governor is on the wire.'"

"Hines said over the phone: 'It's all settled, governor. I'll be down to Springfield on the next train with all the money that will be needed. Don't stop at anything.'"

Cook said Hines later was greatly excited because he (Hines) said he had discovered that instead of talking to former Governor Yates he had by mistake been connected with Governor Deneen.

C. F. Wiehe, Hine's brother-in-law, requested that he be allowed to ask Cook some questions. Wiehe was then brought into the committee room and said to Cook:

"Did you send me a threatening letter, which you asked me to give to Edward Hines, in which you said that unless Mr. Hines did certain things regarding the Virginia and Rainey Lake Lumber company you would expose him in connection with his activity in aiding Mr. Lorimer's election?"

Cook admitted having sent such a letter. Wiehe then asked whether Cook had threatened to sell his stock in the Virginia and Rainey Lake Lumber company to 1000 colored persons to compromise Hines as head of the company. Cook denied that he had done so.

The letters from Cook to Wiehe and from Cook to F. E. Weyerhaeuser, in which Cook demanded that Hines withdraw as president of the Virginia and Rainey Lake Lumber company or suffer exposure in connection with the Lorimer affair, were produced. In one letter Cook declared that unless Hines withdrew, he would publicly expose his alleged corrupt practices in the election of Lorimer.

EXPECTS LONG SESSION

Champ Clark Predicts Congress Will Adjourn in August.

Washington, April 26.—Speaker Clark called to see President Taft. When asked about Senator Root's early adjournment idea, he said that he had sat in two congresses in extra session, both called to revise the tariff, and that both had convened in April and adjourned in August. He said he expected the present congress to do about the same thing.

Clothes Seized For Debt as He Bathes

Riverside, N. J., April 26.—When John Spivok came out of the bath he had not a stitch of clothing to put on his back, as his wearing apparel had been seized as collateral for his board bill. Officer Horton reported the case to Squire Zeigler, who decided that Spivok must have his clothes to wear before he would allow him to appear on the street.

Immigration Into Canada Grows.

Ottawa, April 26.—The total figures for the fiscal year ended March 31 for immigration into Canada show that the immigration from the United States was 121,451. Immigration from other countries totalled 298,794, a total of 419,245 for the year. The increase over the foregoing year was 49 per cent.

Killed in Roadway Race.

Asbury Park, N. J., April 26.—John McCullough, formerly a jockey and horse trainer, was hurled from a two-wheeled cart and killed in a brush with another vehicle on the roadway.

TAX NOTICE

To the delinquent Tax-payers of Cumberland Township Adams Co., Pa. Owing to the death of Mr. Abraham Keckler, former Collector, his books must be settled. The undersigned will sit in Arbitration room Court House on Saturdays April 22nd and 29th between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of receiving all back taxes past due said Twp. All taxes found open in said books after last date of sitting will be dealt with according to law.

A. V. Redding Agent

GRAVEL ROADS NOW POPULAR

Much In Demand In Michigan, Where Many Are Built.

HOW THEY ARE CONSTRUCTED.

Deputy State Highway Commissioner Gives Many Valuable Points on the Proper Building of This Practical Highway, Saying, "If You Have Gravel Build a Gravel Road."

A well graded and well drained earth road is necessary for the foundation of any kind of an improved road; therefore money expended on such work is not lost even though it be several years before the road receives a hard surface, says Frank F. Rogers, deputy state highway commissioner of Michigan.

The cost of grading depends upon the kind and amount of earth that must be handled and the distance it has to be moved. Where old roads have been regarded for the purpose of building state reward roads in Michigan the cost has usually run from \$200 to \$400 a mile, \$300 being a fair average. A few hilly roads have been graded at a cost of more than \$2,000 a mile.

In clay soils trenches should be cut, making outlets into the side ditches for water that may collect in the gravel bed during construction and later before the surface becomes hard and waterproof.

Next to proper drainage the most important thing in building gravel roads is to secure a good quality of gravel. The average township commissioner and farmers generally have become so imbued with the idea that it is necessary to use a gravel that will pack quickly that they have almost lost sight of the fact that the only



TOP—GRAVEL ROAD PARTLY COMPACTED. BOTTOM—SCREENED GRAVEL ROAD.

thing which makes a gravel road better than an earth road is the pebbles—real stones—that it contains.

The most common material sought after for the blunder in gravel roads is clay. But, considering all kinds of weather, it is probably the poorest cementing material we have. If present much in excess of 20 per cent of the mass it will make mud whenever there is a prolonged wet spell. Ideal clay gravels contain only enough clay to coat the pebbles, with no free lumps. Such gravels are excellent for the first layer on sandy soils, but sand gravels are much better for the first layer on clay and loamy soils.

To reduce the amount of spreading to the minimum it is advisable to place the gravel on the nine foot roadbed by dumping two loads side by side, strutting them out just far enough to make the required depth.

Usually the gravel should be placed on the road commencing at the end of the road nearest the gravel supply so that the teams will aid in packing. As soon as the thirty or forty rods of gravel have been spread on the road it should be harrowed with a spike tooth harrow, preferably on the level type. If but few teams are hauling the harrow may be used twice daily—just before quitting time at noon and again at night.

If a hundred yards or so of gravel are hauled to the road daily one team should be working on the harrow all the time. The harrowing should be done the same for both courses. As soon as the gravel has been well wet by rains it should be rolled with the best roller available.

Gravel roads are popular in Michigan for the following reasons: Because they are durable and satisfactory; because they are easily built and easily repaired, requiring no expensive machinery; because the first cost is low; because they draw a relatively large state reward, frequently one-third or more of their cost; because they are a labor proposition from start to finish and keep all the money spent in their construction at home. If you have gravel, build a gravel road.

THOSE fruit growers who wish to do thorough spraying and save money will do well to write to the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., for circular No. 54 of the Bureau of Plant Industry and then buy the necessary materials from Biglerville Warehouse Company, Biglerville, Pa.

FOR RENT: two furnished rooms in desirable home in good location. Apply Times office.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. BARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Editor of the New York State Grange Review

ORDER OF P. AND H.

Early History of the Grange and Its Development.

Its Purposes Described, Its Constitution Explained, Its Work Outlined, With Many Other Particulars and Much Other Information For Farmers and Others Who Are Not Members.

Query.—Will you kindly state what are the objects of the grange, what relation do the national, state and subordinate granges bear to each other, how many degrees are conferred in the grange, what disposition is made of the dues and fees and any other particulars that would be of interest to a nonmember?

The above questions, or similar ones, were so well answered in a recent number of the Ohio Farmer that we give the reply in substance here, with some corrected and added information:

Only those interested in agriculture and rural life are entitled to membership. The grange is almost half a century old, for it was organized Dec. 4, 1867. The primary purpose in the mind of the founder, O. H. Kelley, and his associates was the re-education of the farmer, who was suffering from war's effect, but northern farmers took hold of the idea most readily. The first subordinate grange was organized by Mr. Kelley at Fredonia, Chautauque county, N. Y. Its life has been continuous, and it is now a big and thriving grange of about 400 members. New York is now the strongest grange state in the Union, having about 5,000 members in over 750 granges. "Father" Kelley, as he is latterly known, now in his eighties, is yet living in Washington, where as clerk in the agricultural department he organized the first national grange and arranged the details of management which have remained the basic government of the Order to this day. The national grange pays Mr. Kelley \$1,200 annually as appreciation of his services to the Order. "Father" Kelley's idea and that of his niece, Miss Caroline Hall, who collaborated with him in planning the Order, was that the Order should constitute an organization of neighborhood clubs in which farmers and their wives should be fraternally associated for educational and social as well as financial benefits, and these have always been the ruling characteristics of the grange. The real name of the Order is Patrons of Husbandry. The term grange was intended to be used only as the term lodge is applied to the meetings of other orders, but many soon got to calling the Order "The grange," and Patrons "grangers," so the custom has been accepted, and the Order is now generally called the grange.

The subordinate grange is the unit. One grange may be organized with thirteen persons, the number required for officers. Of these four must be women. The other nine may include both men and women. The next division above the subordinate grange is the county grange, usually called the Pomona grange, because this is the name of the degree given at this stage of membership. Next comes the state grange and finally the national grange. The officers of every grange, whether subordinate, county, state or national, number thirteen, as follows: Master, overseer, lecturer, secretary, treasurer, chaplain, steward, assistant steward, land agent, steward, gatekeeper, Ceres, Pomona and Flora.

The initiatory work is very impressive and beautiful, when well directed and is especially appropriate for farm life. This work is divided into seven degrees, the first four given by the subordinate granges, the fifth by the county, sixth by the state and seventh by the national grange.

The subordinate and county granges provide fine opportunities for the social, educational and financial co-operation.

Many important community reforms and enterprises have been instituted and executed by these local granges; also most of the important legislation and larger movements for agricultural and general welfare have been effected by the united appeals of farmers of the local granges. The whole organization, from the national grange to the subordinate grange, is close and well calculated for energetic, concerted efforts. There are now forty grange states in the Union, with a total membership of not far from 500,000.

Salaries of the Officers.
Subordinate and county grange officers are paid no salaries, except where some granges elect to pay their secretaries a nominal sum for his or her services. In the state granges the master, lecturer, secretary and treasurer are the only officers who receive salaries, and these vary in different states. They are fixed at the annual meetings of the state granges.

New York, being the largest grange state, and having the most work from its officers, pays them best. The master receives \$1,500 a year and expenses, the secretary \$1,200 and expenses, the treasurer \$100. Executive committee members receive \$2 per diem and expenses when in the service of the grange, and grange speakers have the same pay. In the national grange the master receives \$500, expenses and \$1 per day for very low. Pomona granges pay no dues or fees to the state grange. Sixth or state grange initiation fee is \$1 and the same for the seventh or national grange degree.

The members of the local granges are used for the benefit of the local branches as the members choose. As each grange keeps for itself 92 cents out of each \$1.20 received annually from each member this good sized grange is usually ample for current expenses. Added to this is the amount from initiation fees. Many subgranges which have a surplus each year have invested the accumulations profitably.

Juvenile granges are provided for children too young to be taken into the regular subgranges.

Political Advertising

For County Commissioner
SAMUEL M. KEAGY,
Union Township.
Farmer and Dairyman. Subject to decision of the Republican primaries.

Republican

For County Commissioner
Noah R Beamer
Of Menallen Township

GRANDMOTHERS' BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Color and Beauty of the Hair Preserved with a Harmless Remedy Made from Sage.

Druggists everywhere comment on the fact that they are selling large quantities of sage for making old-fashioned "sage tea," such as was used by our grandmothers for promoting the growth of their hair, making it flabby and beautiful and restoring its natural color.

The demand for this well-known herb for this purpose has been so great that one manufacturer has taken advantage of the fact and has placed on the market an ideal "sage tea" containing sulphur, a valuable remedy for dandruff and scalp rashes and irritations, called Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy.

The manufacturers of this remedy authorize druggists to sell it under guarantee that the money will be refunded if it fails to do exactly as represented.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists.

Special Agent, Peoples Drug Store.

GOOD

YOU don't have to paint good roofing to make it wear. That's why Three Ply RELIANCE RUBBER ROOFING, "The Roof Durable," is guaranteed for ten years; Two Ply for eight years and One Ply for five years without painting, coating, or attention of any kind!

No other roofing is made so good—no other is guaranteed so fairly—and no other will serve you so faithfully for so long a time.

RELIANCE RUBBER ROOFING

"The Roof Durable"

costs no more than unguaranteed roofing and it wears two or three times as long. If you are anxious to get a roof you can rely on in every weather; one that is not going to keep on costing you money every year or two for painting and repairing, you will do well to use RELIANCE.

Come in, write or phone. Get the facts—you will prefer it.

For Sale by
GETTYSBURG
DEPARTMENT STORE

ROOFING

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouses corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr., Successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co.

	Per Bu.
Wheat	\$5
New Ear Corn	60
Rye	65
New Oats	35

RETAIL PRICES

	Per 100
Quaker Molasses Dairy Feed	1.25
Schmucker Stock Feed	1.25
Wheat Bran	\$1.40
Cotton seed meal, per hundred	\$1.70
ton	\$23.00
Corn and Oats Chop	1.25
White Middlings	1.50
Red Middlings	1.45
Timothy hay	1.60
Rye chop	1.60
Baled straw	50
Plaster	\$7.50 per ton
Cement	\$1.25 per bbl.
Per bbl.	
Flour	\$4.40
Western flour	6.50
Per bu.	
Wheat	95
Shelled Corn	65
New Ear Corn	70
New oats	45

Western Maryland Ry

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPT 25, 1910. Trains leave Gettysburg DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY, as follows:

8:42 a. m., for Baltimore, Hanover and York and all intermediate points.
10:08 a. m., for Fairfield, Pen. Ma., Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Elkins and all points westward.
1 p. m. for New Oxford, Hanover, York and all intermediate points.
3:42 p. m., for Baltimore, Hanover, York and all intermediate points.
6:45 p. m., for B. & H. Division Points to Hagerstown, also Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Shippensburg and Hancock.
Sundays Only
Sunday trains arrive at Gettysburg at 10:35 a. m.
5:50 p. m. for New Oxford, Hanover and intermediate points, and also Baltimore.
40 p. m., local train to York.
A. Robertson, F. M. Howell, V. P. & Gen. Mgr. G. P. A.

Postponed Wood Sale

On Friday 28th day of April 1911.

The undersigned will sell on the Wetzel farm formerly the Andrew Wisler farm in Franklin twp. on road from Tract to Scott's School house the following lumber and wood: A large lot of scantling and boards different sizes and lengths, 50 cords of slab wood ten acres of chestnut tree tops and standing timber, cuneat trees, lumberman's shanty, chips, chunks and saw dust. 90 days' credit on all purchases of \$5 and over, notes being given with approved security. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock noon.

J. A. Tawney.
J. M. Caldwell, auct.
P. A. Miller, clerk.

BASE BALL SCORES.

Following is the Result of Games Played Yesterday.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Boston—Boston, 5; New York, 3.
Batteries—Wood, Carrigan; Fisher, Blair.
At Philadelphia — Athletics, 11; Washington, 2.
Batteries—Coombs, Lapp; Hughes, Street.
At Chicago—Chicago, 5; Cleveland, 2.
Batteries—Young, Sullivan; Falkenberg, Land.
At Detroit—Detroit, 11; St. Louis, 9.
Batteries—Cavet, Stanage; Lake, Clark.

Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. P. C.
Phila. . . . 2 809 St. Louis . . . 3 375
Chicago . . . 3 370 Cincinnati . . . 3 375
N. York . . . 5 4 556 Boston . . . 4 7 364
Pittsburg . . . 5 4 556 Brooklyn . . . 3 7 390

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At New York—New York, 3; Boston, 1.
Batteries—Mathewson, Myers; Flaherty, Graham.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 4; Philadelphia, 3.
Batteries—Barger, Bergen; Moore, Doolin.
At Cincinnati—Chicago, 5; Cincinnati, 4.
Batteries—Foxen, Archer; Fromme, Clark.
At St. Louis — Pittsburg, 9; St. Louis, 4.
Batteries—Cannitz, Gibson; Harmon, Bresnahan.

Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. P. C.
Detroit . . . 9 1 900 Cleveland . . . 5 6 455
N. York . . . 5 3 625 Chicago . . . 5 6 455
Boston . . . 5 4 556 Athletics . . . 3 6 333
Wash. . . . 4 4 500 St. Louis . . . 3 9 250

CARNEGIE TELLS JURY OF TRUST CO. LOAN

Retired Iron Master on the Witness Stand.

New York, April 26.—Andrew Carnegie testified before the grand jury as to his relations with the defunct Carnegie Trust company, which had adopted his name, but with which he has had no connection aside from financial assistance rendered when the institution found itself in difficulties and appealed to him.

In the collapse of the institution it is said that vast sums of money which Mr. Carnegie lent it have been tied up, and it is believed that during the hour and ten minutes he was before the grand jury he related some details of these loans and was asked to what extent he had promised further aid.

He was questioned in connection with the printed but unconfirmed statements that state banking department officials had hesitated to close the trust company when they first learned of the impairment of its capital because of an alleged understanding that Mr. Carnegie would see the institution safely through as a matter of personal sentiment. It is understood that Mr. Carnegie contradicted rumors that he had made any such promises.

PENNSYLVANIA FISHERIES

Increase in Value Since 1904, Though Behind Former Years.

Washington, April 26.—The total value of the products of the Pennsylvania fisheries in 1908 was \$513,000, a larger value than in 1904, but less than in 1899, according to the special report on the general census of 1908 of the fisheries of the United States, prepared under the supervision of William M. Stuart, chief statistician for manufactures, and soon to be issued by Census Director Durand.

The three districts comprising the fisheries of Pennsylvania are the Delaware river and bay, the Lake Erie and the Susquehanna river. In 1908 the number of persons employed was 1250; the capital consisted of \$280,000, invested in vessels and boats, including outfit; \$114,000 in apparatus of capture, and \$87,000 in shore and accessory property and cash.

Produces Over 5 Pounds Butter a Day.
Utica, N. Y., April 26.—E. H. Dollar, of Heuvelton, is the possessor of a cow of the Holstein Friesian breed, which holds the world's record for butter production. Within the last few days Mr. Dollar has completed a seven days' test with his cow. In that time she won the blue ribbon, producing 59.7 pounds of milk and 37.87 pounds of butter.

Jumped Down Smokestack.
San Jose, Cal., April 26.—Pat Teeling, a trusted inmate of the state insane hospital at Agnew, climbed to the top of a sixty-five-foot smokestack and jumped down inside it.

GENERAL MARKETS

PHILADELPHIA — FLOUR weak; winter clear, \$3.25@3.50; city mills, fancy, \$5.25@5.75.
RYE FLOUR steady, at \$4.15@4.25 per barrel.
WHEAT quiet; No. 2 red, new, 91 @92c.
CORN quiet; No. 2 yellow, 59 @59½c.
OATS steady; No. 2 white, 39c.; lower grades, 37½c.
POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 16½ @17c.; old roosters, 11½ @12c. Dressed firm; choice fowls, 17c.; old roosters, 12½c.
BUTTER steady; extra creamery, 24½c. per lb.
EGGS steady; selected, 20 @ 22c.; nearby, 18c.; western, 18c.
POTATOES firm; 65 @70c. bushel.

Live Stock Markets.
PITTSBURG (Union Stock Yards)—**CATTLE** steady; choice, \$6.40@6.60; prime, \$6.15@6.40.
SHEEP slow; prime wethers, \$3.80 @4.00; lambs, \$3.60@3.80; veal calves, \$6 @6.50.
HOGS lower; prime heavies, \$6.25 @6.30; mediums, \$6.50@6.55; heavy and light Yorkers and pigs, \$6.65@6.75; roughs, \$5 @5.50.

M. THOMPSON DILL, DENTIST
Biglerville Penn'a
All branches of the profession given careful attention. United Telephone.

FOR SALE: An up-to-date restaurant, Apply Sowers' Lunch, 8 Main street.

GEN. BERNARDO REYES.

He is Returning to Mexico to Help President Diaz.



WAR ENDED, WIRES CONSUL AT JUAREZ

Says Such is the General Belief at the Front.

Washington, April 26.—"It is the general belief that the war is ended," declared American Consul Edwards, at Juarez, in a report to the state department.

Senor Jose Vasconcelos, of the Mexican revolutionary junta at San Antonio, Tex., arrived in Washington to assume charge of the confidential agency during the absence of Dr. Vasquez Gomez, who will participate in the peace negotiations in Mexico.

Dr. Gomez left Washington for Juarez, Mexico, where, after a conference with General Madero, he will accompany the other peace commissioners to some neutral point, where it is expected a federal commission will be sent.

No Peace Unless Diaz Quits.

New Orleans, April 26.—The re-establishment of peace in Mexico is contingent upon the resignation of President Diaz, declared Senor Jose Maria Pino Suarez, provisional governor of Yucatan, who has been called by General Francisco I. Madero, Jr., to attend the peace conference at Juarez.

Senor Pino expects to leave for El Paso. He also declared his people would not accept General Bernardo Reyes as Diaz's successor and expressed the opinion that some member of the present cabinet would be agreed upon as acting president pending an election.

"President Diaz will resign—of that I am quite certain," said Senor Pino. "Already he is convinced that the people of Mexico are no longer content to live under his rule."

BURY SIX O'HARAS AT ONCE

Family Which Saves Up Its Dead to Hold Annual Funeral Friday.

Atlanta, Ga., April 26.—The annual funeral of the O'Hara family will be held here next Friday. Six members of a numerous and widely scattered clan of horse traders and farmers will be laid to rest.

It is the custom of the O'Haras to bury the dead on the same day so that as many relatives as possible can attend the obsequies. When one of the clan dies the body is sent to Atlanta, embalmed and held until April, when, together with all the others who have passed away during the preceding twelve months, it is interred.

The members who will be buried Friday were residents of Georgia, Alabama and Kentucky. The family connections extend to almost every southern state, St. Louis and Washington. Many of them are wealthy.

Chicago Aviation Meeting.
Chicago, April 26.—An eight-day aviation meet, at which \$100,000 will be distributed in prizes, will begin here on Aug. 8.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
Albany	60	Clear.
Atlantic City	48	Clear.
Boston	40	Clear.
Buffalo	40	Clear.
Chicago	50	Clear.
New Orleans	65	Cloudy.
New York	62	Clear.
Philadelphia	66	Clear.
St. Louis	62	Clear.
Washington	64	Clear.

Weather Forecast.
Fair today and tomorrow; easterly winds.

THOSE fruit growers who wish to do thorough spraying and save money will do well to write to the Department of Agriculture, Washington D. C., for circular No. 54 of the Bureau of Plant Industry and then buy the necessary materials from Biglerville Warehouse Company, Biglerville, Pa.

J. C. MACKLEY will hold an auction at his store in Mummaburg on Saturday, April 29 from 7.30 to 8.30 p. m.

ASSAILS FREE LIST IN HOUSE

Republicans Say It is For Political Effect.

ARE TOLD IT IS ONLY START

Democrats Declare They Intend to Revise the Entire Tariff Schedule by Schedule.

Washington, April 26.—The minority report from the Republican members of the ways and means committee in the house makes a bitter attack on the "farmers' free list bill." Representative Underwood, chairman of that body, declared the Democrats intended to revise the entire tariff schedule by schedule.

The minority report declares that the Democrats are seeking only to gain political capital by the introduction of a bill appealing to one class of citizens, asserting that the best interests of all classes will be served by the adjournment of congress without further legislation as soon as the reciprocity bill is written into law.

Mr. Underwood's declaration came in explaining the free list bill, which he declared was only a start in the tariff legislation which the Democratic party contemplated. He also asserted that the bill was not simply "soothing syrup" for the farmer, but that it was intended to alleviate in a measure the high cost of living.

"The Republican statement says: 'The pending bill was ordered reported not only without investigation, but without the semblance of consideration by the committee. It was stated in the committee that it would reduce revenue about \$1,500,000, and it is now admitted that it will cut down the revenue by more than \$10,000,000, and later admissions are likely to substantially increase this amount.'

"The measure was christened by its authors 'the farmers' free list bill' and it represents a transparent attempt at the manufacture of political capital. In view of the title, which its friends have given it, it would at least have been proper to investigate the effect it is likely to have upon the agricultural interests.

"The president of the United States felt it his duty to call congress in special session to consider the Canadian reciprocity bill. That bill has already been acted upon by the house, and instead of bringing forward tariff bills, ill-considered or not considered at all, for the purpose of administering political soothing syrup to particular classes of population, the undersigned are of the opinion that the interest of the farmer and everybody else will be subserved if the country is spared from further political exploitation and further legislation at the present time and adjournment is taken promptly after the reciprocity bill shall have been finally acted upon."

The free list bill has been placed before the house. It threatens to lead to almost endless debate before it is finally passed along to the senate.

Amendments already are beginning to pour in and efforts are being made by free trade Democrats to enlarge the scope of the measure.

The bill as introduced by Mr. Underwood, the Democratic leader, would place more than 100 articles used by the farmers on the free list.

Representative Underwood, chairman of the ways and means committee, opened the debate. In explaining the proposed measure he acknowledged that it would mean a reduction in revenues of at least \$10,000,000 a year, but declared that this would be more than met by government economies.

Mr. Underwood announced that this was only the beginning of the Democratic revision of the tariff.

FIVE TO HANG

From Same Scaffold For Murder in Oklahoma City.

Oklahoma City, Okla., April 26.—Five men are to be hanged from the same scaffold here on June 21.

Judge W. R. Taylor, of the district court, sentenced five negroes convicted of killing W. H. Archie, a plumber. The convicted negroes are: James Holmes, John H. Prather, Bob Johnson, Elijah Turner and Charles Posey. None of the negroes offered any reason why sentence should not be pronounced upon him.

Farmer Killed by a Bull.

Albany, N. Y., April 26.—Leonard Wagner, a farmhand, was gored to death at Stuyvesant Falls while driving a bull out of a field. The animal was found in the barnyard covered with blood, while Wagner was lying some distance away, dead.

Adams to Succeed Pierce.

Washington, April 26.—It was announced at the interior department that Samuel Adams, of Chicago, will be appointed by President Taft to succeed First Assistant Secretary Pierce of that department.

Reedsville Man Kills Eagle.

Lewistown, Pa., April 26.—Emery Ayers, of Reedsville, shot and killed a bald eagle, measuring six feet from tip to tip, adjacent to this city. When killed the bird was circling over a brood of chickens.

Notice

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Leah Amelia Berkstresser, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa. all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement, to

ANNIE K. YOUNG, Administratrix.
or John D. Keith, Attorney.

Matchmaking

By LUCY M. ROE

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"Tom," said Mrs. Vandever to her husband, "we need more recreation—I don't mean going out in the evening after you have come home all tired out, but some one to come in and chat with us or play cards."

"Well, my dear, all I have to say is that I'm content as it is, but if you care to invite any person or persons in here so that I won't have to go out and see them I don't object."

"I have a plan all laid out. There's Ralph Eldridge. He's thirty-five, and it is time he was married. Now, my old school friend Margaret Shaw would be just the woman for Ralph. She's twenty-six. What do you say to getting them in occasionally to dinner, with a game of bridge or five hundred in the evening. It may be a great favor to them to bring them together. They may make a match."

"Do anything you like, my dear, provided you don't put me to any trouble."

So Mr. Eldridge and Miss Shaw were invited to dinner, with cards in the evening. Mr. Eldridge of course played with Mrs. Vandever. Mr. Vandever playing with Miss Shaw. It is singular what a little thing will start persons on a different track. It was all in the cards. Mr. Vandever and Miss Shaw held all the court cards in the pack from 9 o'clock, when they sat down, till 11, when they arose. This made Mrs. Vandever a trifle irritable. It produced a corresponding exhilaration in Miss Shaw. Furthermore, seeing that Mrs. Vandever was irritated, Miss Shaw, moved by perversity, became very enthusiastic in her expressions to her partner, giving him glances that his wife, being in an ill humor, construed unfavorably. This led the hostess to say a number of nice things to Mr. Eldridge.

When the evening was over and the guests had departed Mr. and Mrs. Vandever went to bed without a word. Mrs. Vandever suspected that in introducing Miss Shaw into her house she had warmed a serpent in her bosom. Mr. Vandever, for the first time in his married life, felt a spark of jealousy of Mr. Eldridge, who was an extremely good looking and attractive man.

The next week when Mr. Vandever came home one afternoon from business his wife told him that Miss Shaw had invited the party to dinner and for cards in the evening. Mr. Vandever, fearing that if he declined to accept his wife would think he wished to keep her from again meeting Mr. Eldridge, consented. His wife was much surprised and set down his willingness to a desire to again meet Miss Shaw.

At this meeting the cards ran more evenly, but Miss Shaw seemed to be even more in rapport with Mr. Vandever than before, while Mr. Eldridge treated Mrs. Vandever with a deference that was, to say the least, extremely noticeable. Not for the world would Mr. Vandever show that he noticed certain glances with which Mr. Eldridge favored his wife, but within him he was burning with a smothered fury, and a part of his irritation was for his wife that she did not resent such treatment instead of seeming to be pleased with it.

The four continued to meet once a week at the house of one or the other. Mr. Vandever would have been glad to give up the meetings, and his wife made no objections to doing so, but Mr. Eldridge and Miss Shaw were so urgent when it came their turn to do the entertaining that the Vandever felt obliged to yield. Mrs. Vandever attributed Miss Shaw's persistence to a desire to meet her husband, and Mr. Vandever attributed Mr. Eldridge's persistence to a desire to meet his wife.

"Your plan, my dear," said Mr. Vandever one evening before one of these meetings, "for making a match between Eldridge and Miss Shaw doesn't seem to work."

"It'll" was the retort. "Miss Shaw seems to be predisposed in another direction."

"I don't know anything about that," snarled the husband, "but it's very plain that Eldridge is preoccupied."

"The next time I attempt to make a match," rejoined the wife, "I'll see that there is no one about to lead the lady in the case from her suitor."

Half an hour later the party was at Mr. Eldridge's bachelor quarters, where the meeting was to take place. When the game commenced for the first time Mr. Eldridge and Miss Shaw refrained from any jealous inspiring glances at the Vandeveres. Mrs. Vandever, who was more observant than her husband, detected a tender look passing between the unmarried couple. When the cards were put aside Mr. Eldridge got out a light luncheon and a bottle of iced champagne was brought into the room. There was a cork salute, and the host filled the glasses and said to his guests:

"Many thanks for giving me the loveliest woman in the world. Miss Shaw has consented to be my wife."

When the Vandeveres returned to their home the husband embraced his wife and said:

"My dear, I think you and I can get along without any more couples to come in and spend our evenings with us. And I'm not interested in match-making. These two have been making catpaws of us."

"I expect you're right, dear. They were playing us for the purpose of plucking each other."

NOTICE.

To have your

Spring and Fall Clothing cleaned and pressed

You should go to

R. H. BUSHMAN.
14 Chambersburg St.,
Gettysburg, Pa. United Phone



Your laundress may be a "jewel"—let us hope she is.

Nevertheless, there are some things you may not care to entrust even to her—lace handkerchiefs, for example; colored goods; or, possibly a shirt-waist of more than ordinary beauty.

Such articles as these you will do well to wash yourself—with Ivory Soap and lukewarm water.

Ivory Soap . . 99¹/₁₀₀ Per Cent. Pure

The Gettysburg Cash Meat Market.

Will have their wagon on the street Monday, Wednesday and Friday. The same

low prices on wagon as in Shop.

Listen For The Bell.

E. H. FOREST, Mgr.

Farmers Attention

We have for sale

Good Winter Wheat Bran Also Elmco Bran

Highest prices paid for

Corn, Wheat and Oats At Our Warehouse

Call and Investigate

McILHENNY BROTHERS

Railroad and Carlisle Streets, Gettysburg

WAVERLY

Waverly—the best petroleum products made—all made from high grade Pennsylvania Crude Oil.

Gasolines, illuminating oils, lubricating oils and paraffine wax for all purposes. 100 Page Booklet Free—tells all about oil.

Waverly Oil Works Co. Independent Refiners PITTSBURG, PA.

OIL

DON'T FAIL

to come and see our Beautiful Line of Samples of ready-to-wear Suits and Dresses.

Others have been pleased Alteration Free.

Elsie M. Thomas.
Bendersville.

Notice

G. W. Weaver & Son

...THE LEADERS...

Matting News from our Carpet Department

We have told you in previous issues of this paper of our immense stock of Carpets and Rugs—and our sales so far this season have demonstrated the fact that our customers appreciate the large assortment, beautiful designs—and most of all—OUR LOW PRICES.

We wish to tell you something this time—of our stock of Matting. We have in stock—over 5000 yards in the various kinds of Mattings.

We have China Mattings in nice fine straw, heavy weave, patent edge, at 35c, 30c, 28c and 25c the yard—on down to 12½c per yard for the more inferior grades.

The finer Japanese Mattings at 50c, 30c, 28c and 25c the yard. These come in beautiful patterns and colors, plain, figured, inlaid, &c. If you can use 1 roll, of 40 yards or more, of a kind—we allow you \$1 to \$2 per roll off of the above prices—according to quality.

- SPECIAL -

We have about 25 rolls of the 25c quality of Japanese Matting, principally green figured, that we will sell by the ROLL ONLY at \$8.00 per roll of 40 yards—less quantity at the regular price.

Have You ever used Fibre Matting?

It is smooth, durable and sanitary, and comes in a variety of colors and designs—"Kolorfast" printed Fibre is absolutely fast colors, and if they do not so prove, we will give you a new Matting. It sells at 40c per yard—AND IS WORTH EVERY CENT OF IT.

The Cotton and Fibre is as durable, but is not guaranteed fast color—however it will bleach but very little—an A 1 quality floor covering at 30c per yard.

Matting Rugs, 9 x 12 feet, Fancy Patterns, \$3, while they last.

REMEMBER

We are Headquarters for CREX GRASS RUGS and MATTING.

Come to us for your floor covering
We can surely please you.

THE LEADERS

G. W. Weaver & Son

THE BERKSHIRE HOG.

One of the Most Popular of the Land Type of Swine. Berkshire hogs have good dispositions, are good looking animals and are first class feeders, says a South Dakota swine raiser in the Orange Judd Farmer. The sows are good mothers, good milkers and raise large, even litters of pigs. They are better hustlers than some other breeds and can be fattened almost at any age. There is always a demand for them on the eastern market, and they seem to me to be one of the best bacon hogs. I also prefer the Berkshire breed because they seem to be more healthy.

Another hog grower has the following to say of the management of the sow at farrowing time:

The first day after farrowing give the sow nothing but a little water. For several days feed her sparingly, and the little pigs will clean out her

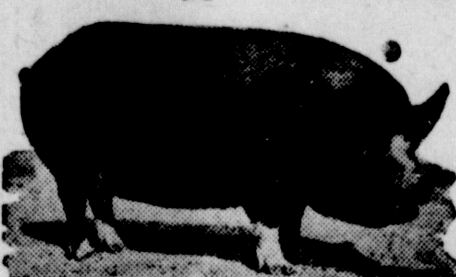


Photo by United States department of agriculture.

The Berkshire breed is one of the old and well established land type of hogs. In form they are long, broad, deep and low. They are shorter on their legs and have a shorter head and neck and a better developed ham than the bacon type. In color the breed is black, with white points in the face, on the tip of the tail and on the feet. Sometimes a splash of white is seen on the fore leg. The nose is short, the face dished, and the ears stand erect, without a droop at the tip. The illustration shows a Berkshire sow in fair show condition.

udder and prevent its caking. We do not feed corn or cornmeal to sows suckling litters. It has a tendency to dry up the milk and give the pigs the scours. The best of all food is separator milk. After the pigs are two weeks old feed the sow milk and wheat middlings or ground oats or ground barley, making a thin slop, all she will eat up clean twice a day. Let them suckle the sow until two months or ten weeks old, for the best part of their nourishment comes through her. When the pigs are three or four weeks old fix a place out of reach of the sow where they can have access to a low, flat trough and feed milk. As soon as they eat it eagerly add the following ration: Five pounds of oilmeal, ten pounds wheat middlings, fifteen pounds cornmeal mixed. Add milk and give them all they will eat up clean within twenty minutes. We feed the pigs three times a day while they are suckling and five times a day after they are weaned. After a month drop to three times daily. For fattening hogs increase the corn after they weigh 125 pounds, but for breeding purposes omit the corn. If you haven't milk mix the food for the small pigs with hot water and feed it warm and sweet.

Petit Suisse or Cream Cheese.

Petit Suisse cheese is essentially the same as Neufchatel, but differs slightly in shape. According to bulletin 105 of the United States department of agriculture it is made as follows:

The milk, preferably fresh, is set at 85 degrees F. with only so much rennet as is necessary to secure the desired coagulation in twenty-four hours in summer and from thirty-six to forty-eight hours in winter. The curd is then inclosed in cheesecloth and drained for twelve hours, after which it is subjected to pressure for another period of twelve hours. It is then thoroughly kneaded by hand or in the larger factories by means of a curd mill and pressed into tin cylinders about two inches in diameter and three inches high. The cheeses are removed from the molds, salted and replaced. After draining for twenty-four hours they are transferred to the so called drying room, where they become covered with white and later with blue molds. They are then taken to the curing cellar, where the ripening process is continued for three to four weeks. The appearance of red spots on the surface is taken as an indication that the ripening has progressed far enough. The cheeses are then wrapped in tin foil and marketed.

FEEDING THE FARM HORSE.

The horse should receive some water the first thing in the morning. After watering the horse is fed a small amount of hay and then given grain after all the hay has been eaten. By this plan the feed which is the most difficult to digest is left in the stomach and therefore receives proper digestion. The noon feed should be given after the horse is cooled and has been allowed to rest for fifteen minutes or half an hour. A small quantity of water may be given soon after the horse is brought to the barn. Feed hay and when the animal is thoroughly cooled give all the water he desires, after which feed the grain. At night feed the same as at noon, only give more hay. In fact, feed as much hay at night as is given at both morning and noon meals. When a horse is working hard and is fed large quantities of grain it is found advisable once a week to give a bran mash for the evening meal. The bran acts as a laxative and prevents indigestion and possibly a case of colic.

Will You Try It?

For sale by The Gettysburg Department Store, Gettysburg, Pa.

THOSE fruit growers who wish to do thorough spraying and save money will do well to write to the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., for circular No. 54 of the Bureau of Plant Industry and then buy the necessary materials from Biglerville Warehouse Company, Biglerville, Pa.

Est Ziegler's brand.

TREATING EARTH ROADS WITH OIL

Methods Which Will Give Fair Results.

PREPARATION OF SUBGRADE.

Same Care Should Be Taken With This as With a Macadam Road—The Greater Part of Work Can Be Done With a Traction Machine in Preparing the Road For Treatment.

The oiled earth road is still in its experimental stage, and it will have to be given considerably more study before it can be expected to give uniformly good results under all the varied conditions of soil and the available oils. Different methods of construction have been followed in different states, but there seems to be only one practical



UNPREPARED EARTH ROAD

[Courtesy Good Roads, New York.]

method of construction which is giving fair uniform results. This method is as follows:

A shoulder furrow is plowed on each side of the center of the roadway, making the width to be treated from sixteen to eighteen feet, and the loose earth graded outside of this width under the crown of the road is too steep, in which case it should be plowed and this material thrown out to the sides. Plowing only the shoulders renders it easy to shape the subgrade with a crown of about one inch to the foot.

The grade of oil to be used is much more important than the kind of soil. Light oils and those having a paraffin base are little better than so much water. The oil should be one having an asphalt base of at least 85 per cent. It should be free from paraffin and all lighter oil. The oil should be applied to the road at a temperature of not less than 250 degrees F., and an oil containing 85 per cent of asphalt will



EARTH ROAD MACHINE

[Courtesy Good Roads, New York.]

have to be heated before it can be taken from the car.

After applying the first course of oil sufficient earth should be graded on to absorb the oil. On a two and a half gallon treatment to the square yard four inches of loose earth should be graded in and then be thoroughly soaked with water and the tamping process begun. As soon as the tamping roller begins to raise to the surface a disk harrow with the blades set at an angle should be employed to stir and help mix the oil with the earth.

The greater part of the work of preparing the road for treatment can be done with a traction engine and a road machine. The earth can be drawn back either by a road machine or a road leveler, the latter being much more rapid and leaving the road in almost a perfect cross section. The oil should be hauled in a distributing wagon built for that purpose which holds about 600 to 800 gallons, and it will require two teams. One to two teams will be necessary on the disk harrow and two teams on the tamping roller. The work of grading the earth on the oil should follow closely the placing of the oil to prevent it cooling and assist in the mixing.

There is very little danger of using too much water. The wetter the materials are the more thoroughly the oil and earth can be mixed.

Desirable lot on Springs avenue, filled and at good location, for sale at low figure if taken within the next few days. The price will be raised if not sold quickly. Apply Times office.

SUNDAES all flavors at Raymond's Cafe.

SHOULD you want a well drilled quick, on short notice, work guaranteed, phone or write Lower Brothers, Table Rock, Pa.

PROMPT service at Raymond's Cafe.

Spring Clothing

Suits for Men, Boys and Children.

A large line in different Shades and Styles, and the Prices to suit and please everybody. Owing to our enlarged store room we are able to carry a larger line of clothing, shoes and men's furnishings than ever before.

O. H. LESTZ,

Corner Centre Square and Carlisle Street.
Store Open Evenings.

HER FIRST LOVE MESSAGE

By MOLLIE K. WETHERELL

Copyright by American Press Association, 1911.

Johnny Cosgrove was a station agent on the G. T. and W. railway. Johnny had been at school with Mabel Town, and they were very great friends. Mabel lived about a mile from the station, not far from the track, and Johnny, in order that he might chat with her during the lonely evenings when he was obliged to stay at the station with but little to do, rigged a private wire from the telegraph line extending along the railroad to Mabel's house, introducing it in at her window. Then he put in the rest of the apparatus, and the two youngsters could chatter through the keys like magpies.

The principal time for these conversations was after Mabel had gone to her room and ostensibly to bed, but really to chat with Johnny. Her room was in an extension where the clicking of the key was not likely to disturb any one else in the house, though no one objected to their dialogues, because Mabel was supposed to be fitting herself for a telegraph operator.

One evening Johnny had been talking with Mabel as usual. It was a stormy night, and, being all alone in his office and consequently very lonely, he kept her at the instrument late.

Mabel had been in bed perhaps an hour when she heard in her sleep the call that Johnny and she used to attract each other's attention. Some time was required for her to wake up, and when she did she heard the machine clicking. She began to read in the middle of a sentence:

"He's gone around to the other door. I've locked it, but he can smash a window easily. There! He's getting in and coming for me."

There was a brief lull, during which Mabel, who by this time was wide awake, waited, fearing that she would hear no more. It was evident that a robber had broken into the station. It occurred to her that the first thing he would do would be to order Johnny away from the instrument that he might not be able to give the alarm. She was therefore surprised when the clicking began again.

"He has ordered me to keep on working the key, covering me with his revolver. He says the minute I stop working it he will put a hole in my head. I see his object. He knows there is no station near enough for me to send word and get assistance before he has finished what he has to do, and while using the key my right hand is employed so that I can't attack or shoot him. I can hear him going toward the safe, which he can do without risk so long as he hears the clicking of my key."

There followed a few seconds of silence, during which Mabel held her breath, and when the sounds recommenced they did not mean anything. Doubtless the robber had turned and ordered Johnny to keep on. Mabel ran to her brother's room, awakened him and told him what was going on at the station. Henry Town got out of bed, dressed himself as quickly as possible, put a revolver in his pocket and a rifle on his shoulder and started for the station. Meanwhile Mabel went back to the telegraph instrument, and when the clicking ceased for a few moments began to tell Johnny what she had done and that her brother was coming. It required some time for her to get the message through, for every time Johnny stopped the robber, who was working at the safe lock, turned and ordered him to proceed. But Johnny managed to hear a few words, such as "coming" and "courage," and knew that he was to be relieved. But whether the man would succeed in opening the safe before some one came to stop him was a question. He was evidently a skillful crackman, the safe was a very ordinary one, and he acted as if he counted on getting it opened before assistance could arrive. He drilled a hole in the lock and began to work the tumblers.

He had not been engaged more than twenty minutes when Johnny, facing the window as he did, saw a figure dimly looming up in the darkness without. He was so agitated that he ceased to work the key. The robber turned and sent a bullet close to his ear. At first Johnny thought the shot had been fired at the figure without, but an order to "go on" convinced him of his mistake.

The burglar again turned his back and recommenced his work. Then there were sounds of dropping tumblers, and Johnny heard the safe door pulled open. At the same moment there was a "crack" at the window, leaving a small hole. Something dropped behind Johnny, and, turning, he saw the robber lying on the floor, blood oozing from a hole in his head. Springing to the window, he unlocked it, and Henry Town stepped into the room.

The first thing Johnny did was to click the news to Mabel, and the reply was the first message embodying love that passed between them.

It happened that Johnny had considerable cash in the safe, which he intended to send in the next morning. This the robber doubtless knew. The fact of so much money being saved

through Mabel disposed the company to liberality, and they sent her a handsome check. A year later, when she and Johnny were married, they sent another for a wedding present. At the same time they promoted Johnny to one of the largest stations on the road, giving him a commensurate salary.

Fifty cents invested in a pair of rubbers may save \$5 in doctor bills, with plenty of misery thrown in.

BAD ROADS AND FARM DESETERS.

The movement of so many thousands of young people from the farm to the city is largely caused by bad roads, which isolate their homes and render the world around them inaccessible. The addition to the urban population lessons the producing force of the farm and at the same time creates a greater demand for farm products. This means a higher cost of living, and an undesirable situation results.

WORK OF THE GOVERNMENT IN PRESERVING ROADS.

Experiments in Dust Preventives and Binders Being Made.

During the past year the work of the office of public roads of the department of agriculture relative to the investigation of the problems of dust prevention and road preservation has advanced rapidly. Routine tests or analyses of bituminous road materials made in the laboratories during the past year were more than double the number made during the preceding year.

A number of these examinations were made in conjunction with the experimental field work of the office. It is expected that these examinations will be of great service in determining the value of certain classes of binders, as the experimental work is carefully inspected from time to time, and the results are made a matter of record.

Through its laboratory work the office has been able to offer valuable advice in regard to specifications for bituminous road binders and in many instances to frame such specifications upon request of various public service bodies. A number of the state highway commissions have profited by this opportunity.

Many worthless road preparations have been and are at present being manufactured and sold to the public through ignorance on the part of both producer and consumer with regard to the requisite characteristics of such materials to meet local conditions. These materials are sold under trade names and as a rule carry no valid guaranty of quality.

Specifications for such materials are therefore much needed for the protection of the public, and this phase of the work will be given continued attention by the office. Special investigations of bituminous road materials carried on by the laboratory have covered improvements in the methods of analysis, the effect of various methods of distillation upon the physical and chemical properties of tars and the development of a test for determining the binding value of bitumens.

OILING ROADS CHEAP.

How Evanston (Ill.) Highways Are Kept Dustless.

A noiseless, asphalt-like road surface, dustless—such asphalt is not—mudless, new every year and at a cost no greater than for the sprinkling of ordinary roads or pavements, is made possible by the use of what is left of petroleum after kerosene, gasoline and paraffin have been removed—that is, if the road upon which it is used is macadam. Francis Bussell in the Popular Mechanics Magazine tells how this has been demonstrated on the roads of Evanston, a wealthy suburb of Chicago.

He says that the city buys the road oil at 3 cents a gallon. It is delivered in tank cars of the standard type, which cars are run on to a siding and held until the oil is used up on the streets. The average application is one-quarter gallon to a square yard.

The force required for the work does not exceed eight men. One of this number is a foreman, paid a wage of \$3 per day, and the other seven, stationed at the tank car to aid in pumping the oil out when this is necessary, receive \$2 per day.

Road Near Topeka. For many miles out of Topeka, Kan., to the west there is an almost ideal dirt road that has been made and kept in condition by use of the road drag.

When the rain or snow falls this road becomes a little muddy on top, but the mud is never deep, and there are no ruts or "chuck holes." It is so graded that the drainage is perfect and it dries off almost immediately.

This splendid road has taken the place of one that was almost impassable in bad weather and very rough in good. It cost the labor and expense of one dragging per month and was made possible by the activity of one man who interested his neighbors. Now the neighbors would not willingly do without it. Such roads are possible in most neighborhoods in Kansas.

Est Ziegler's brand.

H. B. SEFTON has everything clean and up to date.

There is no better material of which to build hen or hog house than the clay hollow block. Its use means that the structure will be both dry and warm.

President Taft is to be commended for refusing to pardon W. N. Jones, a rich business man of Portland, Ore., who was recently sentenced to serve four months in prison and pay a fine of \$12,000 for the part he had in land frauds in the northwest.

A tablespoonful of spirits of camphor stirred in a gallon of water makes a very good solution with which to spray plants that are afflicted with the green lice. This spray fixes the lice and does not harm the foliage plants to which it is applied.

While other members of the animal kingdom may fail to multiply as nature intended, it is pretty safe to assume that the old frosted sard brindle tabby cat will some warm morning soon lead her bevy of kittens from some well protected and secluded spot. This kitten crop is one that is not reduced by frost, blight or drought.

Rheumatism in Ankles

One Bottle of Rheuma Cured Woman Who Could not walk. Marvellous as this story may seem, it is absolutely true; but this is only one of the many almost magical cures that Rheuma is performing these days.

Mrs. Gertrude Kozel, Smithfield, Pa., writes on Feb. 14, 1910: "I had Rheumatism for over a year; it settled in my ankles and I could not walk. I have taken one bottle of Rheuma and do not have any more pain, and I can again walk at will."

The People's Drug Store will sell any reader of The Gettysburg Times a bottle of Rheuma for 50 cents, and guarantee it to cure any case of any kind of Rheumatism or money back.

Gratifying relief comes in a day, because Rheuma acts at one time on the Kidneys, Stomach, Liver and Blood, and starts to rid the entire system of poisonous Uric Acid at once.

Mail orders filled, charges prepaid, by Rheuma Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for free trial bottle.

English Marhuc is a real remedy for Indigestion. 25 cents at The People's Drug Store or mailed by Rheuma Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Est Ziegler's brand.